# The Buoys and Beacons of Understanding Your Why

A Results Presentation & Activity

# **Community Performance Excellence**

### What is community performance excellence?









# **Buoys and Beacons**

Buoy: /ˈbooē,boi/ an anchored float serving as a navigation mark

Beacon: \ 'bē-kən a fixed artificial navigation mark such as a lighthouse



### **Session Overview**

How can we use **RESULTS** to measure our progress?



### Measures and Indicators

#### **MEASURES AND INDICATORS:**

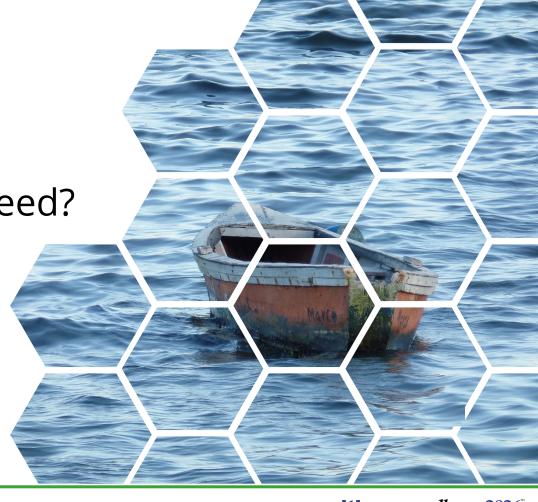
Numerical information that quantifies the input, output, and performance dimensions of processes, programs, projects, services, and the overall community or community excellence group (outcomes).

### Lost at Sea

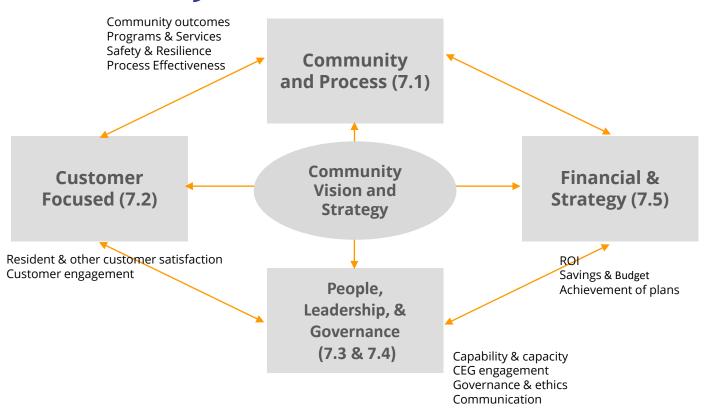
What types of measures do we need?

Where can we find data?

**How** should we use data?



### The Anatomy of a Balanced Scorecard



# Types of Data: Groupings

#### **Groupings of Measures in Communities**

#### **COMMUNITY** COMPETITIVENESS

Measures that assess how well communities can compete with neighboring or similar communities to create an environment where residents can reach their full potential.

#### **COMMUNITY OUTCOMES**

Measures that assess the impact of the Community Excellence Group's work towards improving conditions in the community.

#### **COMMUNITY EXCELLENCE GROUP PERFORMANCE**

Measures that assess the operations, progress, and performance of the Community Excellence Group as they work towards improving their community.

#### For each grouping, any type of measure may exist:

Input | Output | Outcome | Efficiency | Quality | Explanatory

# Types of Data: Measures

Input	Number of resources used	Grant funds received, number of people resources used, number or residents requesting the service
Output	Units produced or services provided	Patients treated, un-sheltered housed, customers for program or service
Outcome	Results of the services provide; Assesses impact & effectiveness	School graduation rate, testing scores, air & water quality, crime rate, unsheltered rate
Efficiency	"Cost" per unit of output or outcome.	Number of students graduating as a % of number of students enrolled, hospital occupancy rates, number of people receiving service compared to number of people eligible for service.

# Types of Data: Measures

	Quality	the expectations of residents & other	Number of complaints, customer satisfaction or dissatisfaction, partner engagement, accuracy of information
		customers	
Explanatory Information		Explains the environment	Funding for key community
	Frankanakana	& other factors that	organizations, economic indicators,
	might affect an	measures related to key community	
	·····o···iucioii	organizations	offerings
		performance	

### Discussion

What data shapes your CEG's sense of urgency?

What is your WHY?

What RESULTS does your CEG want to achieve?

(Part A)

Community competitiveness/comparison?

Community outcomes?

Community excellence group performance?

# Finding Community Data

#### **Administrative Records**

Collected by governmental entities, NGOs, and private businesses; Objective data

**Employment:** Bureau of Labor Statistics, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW)

**Income and Migration:** Internal Revenue Service

**Vital Statistics and Health:** Local and state health departments, National

Center for Health Statistics, Centers for Disease Control

**Transportation:** Department of Transportation

**Economy:** Bureau of Economic Analysis

**Education:** Local and state health departments, National Center for

**Education Statistics** 

# Finding Community Data

#### Surveys

**Express viewpoints or experiences;** 

**Subjective data** 

**Population and Household** 

**Characteristics:** Census Bureau

including Decennial Census and

American Community Survey

Public Opinion: Pew Research Center,

Gallup, Locally administered surveys



# Finding Community Data

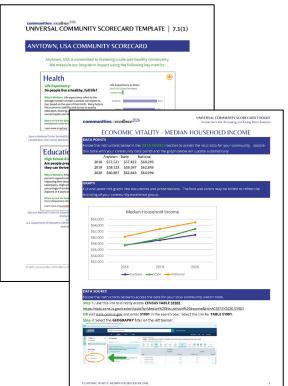
# **COE Performance Excellence Measurement System (CPEMS) Tools**

- Self-Assessments of Readiness and Progress
- COE Common Community Scorecard
- COE Interactive Scorecard
- Assessment & Recognition Program and Pathway to the Malcom Baldrige National Quality Award

# COE Common Community Scorecard

### & Toolkit

<b>Health</b>	Life Expectancy
Education	HS Graduation Rate
Economy	Median Household Income
Quality of Life: Social and Community	Adults with 14+ "Not Good" Mental Health Days Per Month
Quality of Life: Housing	Homes with Suboptimal Conditions



### **COE Interactive Scorecard**



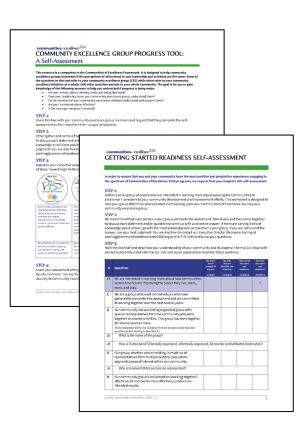
### **COE Self Assessments**

#### **Readiness Self Assessment**

Helpful for determining how prepared your group is before getting started.

#### **Progress Self Assessment**

Helpful for your group on your Journey.



## Assessment and Recognition Program

communities of excellence 2026 Assessment & Recognition ADDRESS ASSESSMENT & Recognition

- Commitment to Community Excellence PHASE 1
- Journey to Community Excellence PHASE 2
- Community of Excellence Recognition Participant, Bronze, Silver, Gold PHASE 3
- **Baldrige National Quality Award**

## Using Indicators and Measurements

#### **Basic Terms**

**ANALYSIS:** The examination of facts and data to provide a basis for effective decisions. Analysis often involves determining cause-effect relationships

**BENCHMARKS:** Processes and results that represent the best practices and best performance for similar activities or initiatives, inside or outside your community

**PERFORMANCE PROJECTIONS:** Estimates of future performance

**TRENDS:** Numerical information that shows the direction and rate of change of your community's or community excellence group's results or the consistency of its performance over time

### Using Indicators and Measurements

**Change over time:** How much an indicator changes between measurements taken at different times

**Rank:** Compares relative position of a geographic area based on a particular metric.

**Bias:** Systematic and/or human errors that occur in data analysis or interpretation

**Qualitative vs. Quantitative Data:** Qualitative data is non-numeric information. Quantitative data is information that can be counted or measured. Considering both are important. Qualitative is what ensures inclusivity of many diverse perspectives.

### Discussion

#### What measures are your CEG's buoys and beacons?

Buoys are anchored floats.

Beacons are fixed navigation points.

#### What data sources will your CEG use? (Part B)

Community competitiveness/comparison?

Community outcomes?

Community excellence group performance?

qualitative data are you gathering that can be analyzed quantitatively

# Wrap-up

Share one big takeaway from this session.